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But Stresses That Vigilance Mast Continue

by Edward T. Folliard

CPYRGHT

President Kennedy assund the Nation yesterday that the Soviet Union's forces and weapons in Cuba are not a military threat to the United States.

He was talking at a news conference about the Cuban situation as it is at the moment. Refusing to prophesy about the future, he said it could not be proved that the Russians won't again try to ship nuclear missiles to the

And then he emphasized what would be the consequenees, saving:

"The Soviet Union and Cuba and the United States must all be aware that this will pro-

Transcript of President's news conference.

Page A10.

William McC. Martin renamed Federal Reserve System chairman. Page B9.

duce the greatest crisis which the world has faced in its history.

"So I think that the Soviet Union will proceed with caution and care, and I think we should."

The Chief Executive held his 48th news conference in the State Department Auditorium before 378 reporters at a time when members of Congress, mostly Republicans, have been insisting that the Soviet Union is continuing a threatening, military buildup in Cuba.

Mr. Kennedy, backing up a statement Wednesday by Secretary of Defense Robert S. McNamara, said the Russians have reduced the size of their forces and the amount of their equipment since the pull-out. of missiles and bombers last-

He said it was a time to "let of our heads," that Preme

tinuing talks about the removal of Russian forces and externally. weapons from Cuba. He ininvasion of Cuba.

Troops a "Concern"

A reporter asked the President what he was going to do dangers in Latin America-Was he just going to let them stay there?

done, referring to the showdown in which Russia withtechnicians, but he acknowledged that the continued presence of Soviet fighting men in Cuba was a matter of "con-"cern."

"You have said that the presence of Russian forces on the island is a matter of coneern," a reporter said. "I would like to ask this question: Do you think that Cuba is a serious military threat to the United States?"

the size of the force we are way to accomplish what we talking about," Mr. Kennedy wish . ." replied, adding that the Russians had about four organized military groups in Cuba,

to invade another country:

and that the United States They may be used to maintain and the Soviet Union are con- some sort of control within Cuba, but obviously they are not a force that can be used

"And, in addition, Cuba can dicated that the United States not possibly, it lacks any amhad no present thought of an phibious equipment, and quite obviously our power in that area is overwhelming."

Subversion Base

Mr. Kennedy said the big about Soviet troops in Cuba. illiteracy, bad housing, maldistribution of wealth, and so on-were unrelated to Cuba. It was at this point that he Mr. Kennedy's reply was said that Castro had been disthat much already had been credited since October. But he went on to say that he was concerned about Cuba being used as a training center for drew her missiles and some Red agents and as a base for propaganda and subversion.

He repeated that Cuba was weapons there, `

Asked about the chances of climinating communism from Cuba, the President refused to make any; predictions. One way, he said, would be for the Cubans to revolt, which he thought would be difficult

now.
"The other way would be by external action," he said. "But "I think we ought to keep that is war, and we should not a sense of proportion about regard that as a cheap or easy

A reporter wanted to know what more the Administration can do to convince Retotalling about 6000 men.
"Obviously," he continued, sians have withdrawn all o fensive weapons from Cuba. publican critics that the Russians have withdrawn all of-

Mr. Kennedy said he didn't know — that Secretary Mc-Namara and CIA Director John McCone had asked any-body possessing information about a Russian build-up to turn it over to the Govern-ment so that it could be eheeked.

But "even some member of Congress" have refused to do this, after spreading reports and rumors, the President

"Now," he said, "I remember a story the other day in one of our prominent papers which had a report of a Congressman about the presence of missiles — no supporting evidence, no willingness to

a foreign power."

Cites Responsibility

Mr. Kennedy at this point gave the press a mild lecture. He said the story about the not a military threat now, and Congressman and missiles was. would not become one unless a page-one story, while a state-Russia reintroduced offensive ment by the Secretary of Defense giving clear details about the situation was on Page 10.

"So it is a responsibility of ours and, it seems to me, also the press," he said. "I would think that a good many Americans, after the last three weeks of headlines, have the impression that there are offensive weapons in Cuba. It is our judgment, based on the best intelligence we can get, that there are not offensive weapons in Cuba. . .

Sen. Kenneth B. Keating (R-N. Y.) said after the President's news conference that he "still cannot accept the much touted distinction between offensive and defensive weapons.

Rep. William C. Cramer (R- Fla.), another critic of the President, said that Congress had authorized the Chief Executive to use armed force, if necessary, to prevent any further buildup in Cuba, but that mandate is being ig-

nored." The Cuban issue, which many thought was buried with the Nov. 6 election, flared up all over Capitol Hill again yesterday. Speaker John Me-Cormack said that "politics" motivated some of the Republican critics, Rep. Samuel S. Stratton (D-N, Y.) said he thought Sen. Keating owed.

evidence, no willingness to if in the American people to content in recent months:

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